

Larceny (Theft) - Larceny involves stealing items, such as from friends, family members, and retail stores.

Juvenile System	Adult System
<p>The penalties for juvenile larceny can vary depending on the value of the stolen items and the juvenile’s prior criminal record. Common penalties may include probation, community service, restitution to the victim, or placement in a juvenile detention center.</p>	<p>Theft of property valued at \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000 is a Class A misdemeanor, punishable by up to a year in jail and a fine of up to \$4,000. Theft of property valued at \$30,000 or more but less than \$150,000 is a state jail felony, punishable by 180 days to two years in jail and a fine of up to \$10,000.</p>

Vandalism - May involve defacing restrooms, painting graffiti, or inflicting damage to bikes, cars, or other items.

Juvenile System	Adult System
<p>This crime may lead to a \$500 fine or even more, depending on the cost of repairing the damage. The more severe the vandalism, the more likely it is to result in juvenile detention.</p>	<p>Adult - If the damage is between \$750 and \$2,500, it is a Class A misdemeanor, with a possible sentence of up to one year in jail and/or a fine. If the damage is between \$2,500 and \$30,000, it is a state jail felony, punishable by 180 days to two years in state jail and a fine.</p>

Assaults - Fighting with classmates, teachers, and family can result in an assault charge.

Juvenile System	Adult System
<p>This can have consequences such as probation, mandatory counseling, community service, or juvenile detention. In more serious cases, teens may be transferred to adult court and face harsher penalties, including incarceration.</p>	<p>Adult - Class A Misdemeanor: up to one year in jail, up to a \$4,000 fine, or both. State Jail Felony: between 180 days to two years in a state jail, up to a \$10,000 fine, or both. Third-Degree Felony: between two to 10 years in prison, up to a \$10,000 fine, or both.</p>

Drug and Alcohol-Related Offenses - Simple drug possession, underage drinking or related offenses, drug trafficking, and driving while intoxicated (DWI).

Juvenile System	Adult System
<p>Simple drug possession can come with fines and a term in juvenile detention. Teens caught engaging in underage drinking or related offenses may be punished with the loss of their driver’s license and fines. In more severe cases, such as drug trafficking or driving under the influence (DWI), juveniles may face felony charges and possible long incarcerations either in a detention center or an adult prison.</p> <p>DWI - 1st Offense (Class C Misdemeanor) includes: a fine up to \$500.00, 20 to 40 hours of community service, and a driver license suspension for 60-180 days. Attendance in an Alcohol Awareness Course is required for the minor and may be required for the parent.</p>	<p>Adult - Class B misdemeanor — jail sentences of up to 180 days and/or fines of up to \$2,000. Class A misdemeanor — jail sentences of 180 days to 1 year and/or fines of up to \$4,000. State jail felony — jail confinement of 180 days to 2 years and/or fines of up to \$10,000.</p> <p>DWI - Adult - First-time DWI offense Depending on the circumstances of the case, jail time for a first-time DWI offense could be as much as 6 months or 180 days. After conviction, other penalties for a first-time DWI offense include suspending a driver's license for at least 3 months (90 days) or for up to 1 year.</p>